

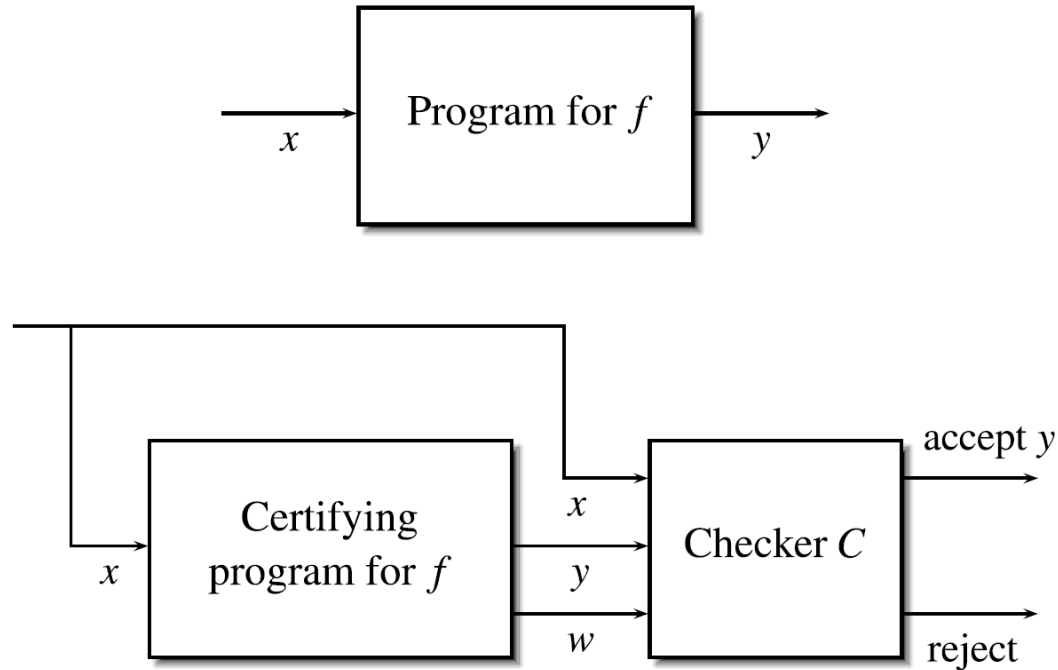
# Certifying Algorithms

[MNS11] R.M. McConnell, K. Mehlhorn, S. Näher, P. Schweitzer. Certifying algorithms. *Computer Science Review*, 5(2), 119-161, 2011.

# Correctness of algorithms ?

- Formal proof of algorithm correctness
  - only simple problems ?
  - implementation  $\neq$  algorithm
- Compare output of two algorithms
  - one algorithm often simple and slow (only small input)
- Assertions / exceptions
- Unit testing
  - systematic testing, random input

# Certifying Algorithm



- Algorithms output proof  $w$  of **correctness** or **illegal input**
- **Strongly certifying**  $\Rightarrow$  halts on all input; identifies illegal input
- **Certifying**  $\Rightarrow$  halts on all input; illegal input *or* correct output
- **Weakly certifying**  $\Rightarrow$  halts on valid input; if halts, correct out
- **Motivation:** Ensure correctness of algorithms in the *Library of Efficient Data Types and Algorithms*

# Sorting ?

- **Input:** Unsorted array
- **Output:** Input elements in sorted order
- **Checker:**
  - Verify output sorted
  - Verify output = input elements

# Greatest Common Divisor - GCD

- **Input:** Positive integers  $a$  and  $b$
- **Output:**  $g = \gcd(a, b)$
- **Certificate:**
  - Integers  $x, y$ : where  $g = ax + by$
- **Checker:**
  - Check  $g \uparrow a$ ,  $g \uparrow b$ , and  $g = ax + by$
  - Sufficient by [MMNP11, Lemma 1]

# Bipartite Graph ?

- **Input:** Undirected Graph  $G=(V,E)$
- **Output:** Boolean, is the graph bipartite
- **Certificate:**
  - True: Partition of the vertices,  $V = V_1 \cup V_2$
  - False: Odd length cycle
- **Checker:**
  - Verify partition or cycle

# Connected Components ?

- **Input:** Undirected graph  $G = (V, E)$
- **Output:** Partition of  $V$  into the c.c.
- **Certificate:**
  - Each vertex labeled  $(i, j)$ , where  $i$ =component number,  $j$ =the node's number in the component, such that all nodes except one in a c.c. have a neighbor with smaller  $j$  (e.g., BFS numbering)
- **Checker:**
  - Edges connect identical  $i$
  - Mark non-root nodes ( $j$  larger than a neighbor)
  - Check roots different labels

# Shortest Path $s \rightarrow t$ ?

- **Input:** Directed weighted graph  $G = (V, E)$ ,  $s, t \in V$
- **Output:** Shortest distance  $s \rightarrow t$
- **Certificate:**
  - Distance vector  $D$ , with distances from  $s$  to all nodes
  - Shortest path tree
- **Checker:**
  - Check shortest path tree implies  $D$
  - Check that no edge can improve any distance



# Planarity Graph ?

- **Input:** An undirected graph  $G$
- **Output:** Boolean, is  $G$  planar
  - can  $G$  be drawn without edges intersecting ?
- **Certificate:**
  - Yes = (Combinatorial) Embedding (twin edges, face information)
  - No =  $K_{3,3}$  og  $K_5$  (Kuratowski subgraphs)
- **Checker:**
  - Yes: Check if  $n+f=m+2$ ,  $n$ =#nodes,  $m$ =#edges,  $f$ =#boundary cycles (sufficient by [MMNS11, Lemma 3])
  - No: Verify Kuratowski subgraphs

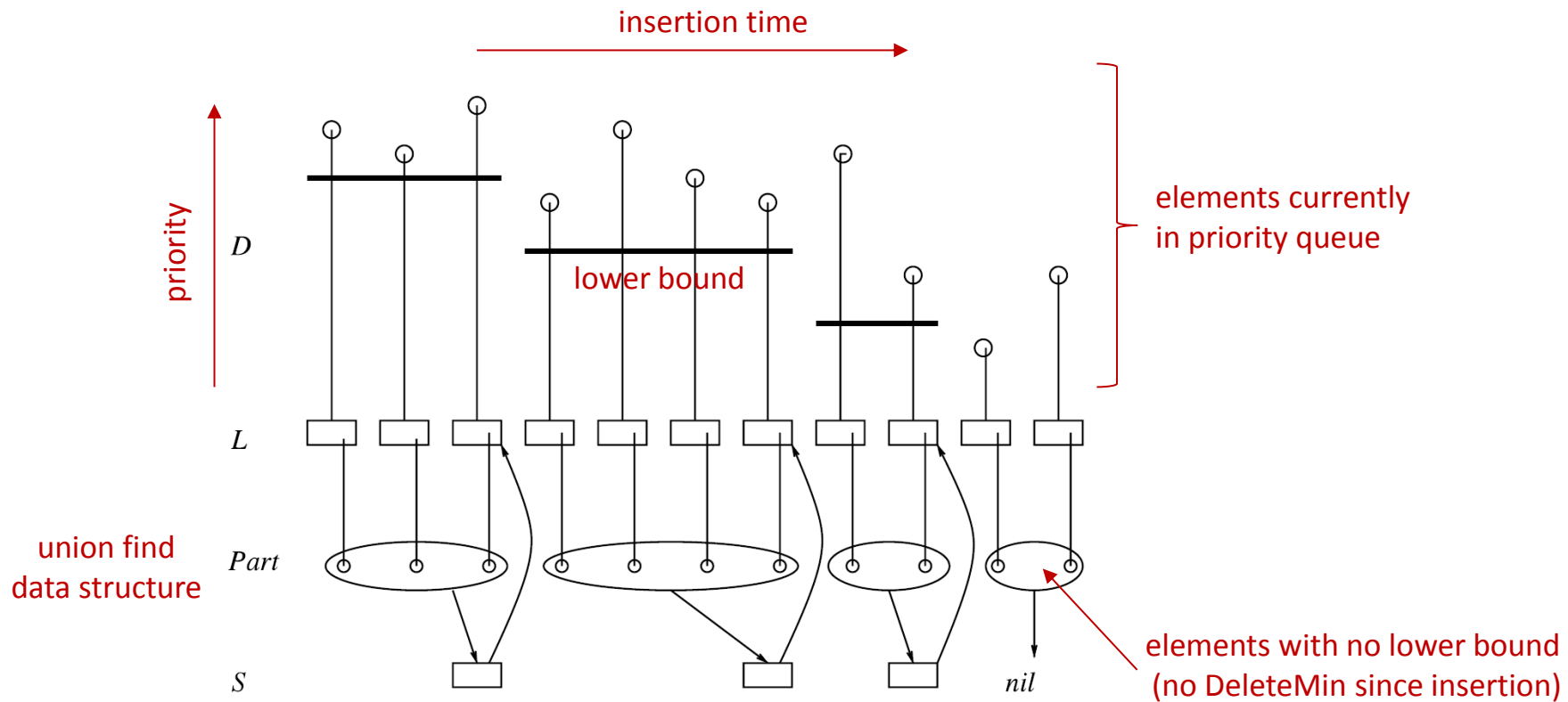
# Maximum Flow ?

- **Input:** Flow network  $G$ , with capacity constraints  $c$
- **Output:** Value of maximum flow
  
- **Certificate:**
  - Flow along each edge
  - Minimum cut, i.e. partition of the vertices
  
- **Checker:**
  - Check if valid flow
  - Find capacity of cut
  - Check if cut capacity is equal to value of flow

# Dynamic Dictionary

- **Operations:** Insert, Delete, Search, ...
- **Checker / Monitor:**
  - Checker maintains a doubly-linked list of *handles* into dictionary
- Checker identifies wrong queries immediately

# Priority Queue



- **Operations:** Insert, DeleteMin ...
- **Checker / Monitor:** (see figure)
  - check element against lower bound on deletion
- **Checker identifies wrong queries delayed**